

Cryogenic Ultra Wide-Band LNA for radioastronomy



USING CUTTING-EDGE TECHNOLOGY, THE WIDE BAND ULTRA LNA OFFERS EXCEPTIONAL RECEPTION OVER 12 GHZ OF BANDWIDTH



Innovative technology

State-of-the-art technology provides a very low noise figure over 12GHz of bandwidth.

The feed is included (CalTech's QRFH design), but is lodged inside the Dewar to be cooled as well.



Efficiency & Reliability

Each unit is fully tested and delivered with a complete factory acceptance test report.

Advanced design and construction mean the equipment can be operated in the toughest environments.

Exceptional performance combined with reliability and cost effectiveness.

Patented sleeve system to simplify cold head service. No need for receiver realignment to antenna optics.

Configurability

The frequency band can be adapted to customer's needs.

The unit can operate in any orientation on movable antenna structure.

Key Features

- Radioastronomy applications
- Superior performance
- * High reliability & efficiency
- * Ultra-low noise figure
- * High gain & low ripple
- Low input & output VSWR
- * Wide operating temperature range
- Patented sleeve system for ease of coldhead maintenance

Indoor power supply unit

QRFH feed model 45 or 60 for compatibility with most

Frequency band can be

adapted to customer's

VLBI telescopes

requirement

OPTIONS

Technical specifications

Cryo Ultra Wide-Band LNA

2.3 - 14 GHz

RF performance

Operating freq. range 2.3 -14 GHz Noise temperature 25 K mean

> Noise figure <0.56 dB

<2.0:1 Output VSWR (50 Ω) <1.3:1 (with output isolator)

> >60 dB Gain

Gain flatness 4 dB pp typical

Gain variation over temp. ±1.5 dB

Input VSWR

Output P1dB >+14dBm

3rd OIP >25 dBm

Power supply & monitoring

3 phases (3W+PE) 380 VAC/50 Hz Input voltage

Current consumption 8000 W max

> Connection Panel PC with TCP/IP

Interfaces & physical

Dimensions (L x Ø) 885 x 380 mm

> Weight <60 Kg

Interfaces RF input flange: QRFH feed 45° or 60°

RF output: SMA

10 MHz phase cal. input: SMA

Environmental

Operating temperature -10 °C to +40 °C

Storage temperature -40 °C to +60 °C

> Humidity 90 % condensing



Information contained in this document is subject to change without notice.

Unless otherwise specifications, tests have been done at 23 °C.

